

Today's IIScian Approach

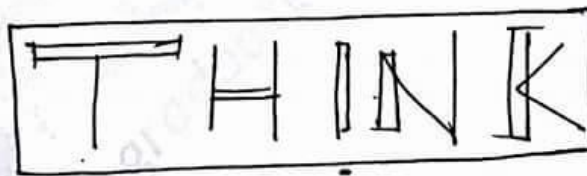
Let $X = \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{Q}$ with subspace topology of the usual topology on \mathbb{R}^2 and

$P = \{ (n, \frac{1}{n}) : n \in \mathbb{N} \}$. Then

- Ⓐ P is open & closed in X
- Ⓑ $\partial P \neq \emptyset$.

sol:-

How to

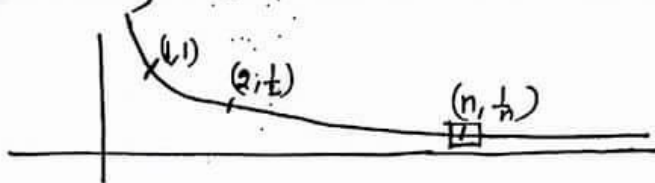


First Recall some basic facts:-

- If (X, τ) is a top. space and $Y \subseteq X$ then subspace topology on Y is given by

$\{ Y \cap U : U \in \tau \}$

Here P is



- check P has no limit pts in X . so closed. (Justify).
- let $B_r(n, \frac{1}{n})$ be any nbhd of $(n, \frac{1}{n})$ then $\exists (n, q) \in B_r(n, \frac{1}{n})$ for $q \neq \frac{1}{n}$ and $q \in \mathbb{Q}$.

Hence $P^c \cap B_r(n, \frac{1}{n}) \neq \emptyset \forall r > 0$.

So, P is NOT open.

Thus $\partial P = \overline{P} \cap \overline{P^c} = P \cap P^c = \emptyset$.
 Thus $\partial P = P \neq \emptyset$.